

# GUITAR SCALES IN CONTEXT A PRACTICAL ENCYCLOPAEDI Handbook

**guitar scales in context a practical encyclopaedi** is an essential resource for both beginner and advanced guitarists aiming to deepen their understanding of scales and their practical applications. Scales form the foundation of melodic development, improvisation, and composition. Understanding how scales function within musical contexts allows players to craft solos, create harmonies, and navigate the fretboard with confidence. This encyclopedic guide explores guitar scales comprehensively, emphasizing practical knowledge, contextual usage, and techniques that will elevate your playing.

## Understanding Guitar Scales: The Basics

### What Are Guitar Scales?

Guitar scales are ordered sequences of notes that serve as the building blocks for melodies and solos. They follow specific interval patterns that define their unique sound. In practical terms, scales help guitarists improvise, compose, and understand music theory better.

### Why Are Scales Important for Guitarists?

- Foundation for Improvisation: Scales provide a palette of notes to craft solos over chord progressions.
- Music Theory Comprehension: Understanding scales enhances your grasp of harmony and chord construction.
- Fretboard Navigation: Learning scales improves your ability to move across the fretboard efficiently.
- Creativity and Expression: Mastery of scales opens up new avenues for creative expression.

## Types of Guitar Scales: An Overview

Guitar scales can be broadly categorized into diatonic, modal, pentatonic, and exotic scales. Each serves different musical purposes and is used in various genres.

### Diatonic Scales

Diatonic scales are seven-note scales that form the basis of Western music, including major and

minor scales.

## Modal Scales

Modal scales are derived from the diatonic scale by starting on different notes, producing modes like Dorian, Phrygian, and Lydian.

## Pentatonic Scales

Pentatonic scales have five notes and are widely used in blues, rock, and folk music due to their simplicity and consonance.

## Exotic and Symmetrical Scales

These include scales like the whole-tone, diminished, and melodic minor, often used to create unique or tense sounds.

## Practical Guide to Common Guitar Scales

### Major Scale

The major scale is fundamental, characterized by the pattern: Whole, Whole, Half, Whole, Whole, Whole, Half (W-W-H-W-W-W-H).

- **Application:** Used in a wide range of genres; foundational for understanding harmony.
- **Fingering:** Learn various positions across the fretboard to increase flexibility.

### Natural Minor Scale

Pattern: W-H-W-W-H-W-W.

- **Application:** Common in sad or somber musical contexts, as well as in rock and metal.
- **Relative minor:** Shares keys with the major scale (e.g., A minor is relative to C major).

## Pentatonic Scales

- Major Pentatonic: 1, 2, 3, 5, 6 degrees of the major scale.
- Minor Pentatonic: 1, 3, 4, 5, 7 degrees of the natural minor scale.

- **Application:** Ideal for improvisation and soloing over blues and rock progressions due to their consonance.
- **Fingering Tips:** Use box patterns for quick navigation.

## Blues Scale

Derived from the minor pentatonic with an added diminished "blue" note (♭5).

- **Application:** Central to blues, jazz, and rock solos.
- **Sound:** Adds a gritty, expressive quality.

## Mastering the Fretboard: Scale Patterns and Positions

Learning scale shapes across the fretboard is crucial for improvisation and composition.

### Common Scale Patterns

- Box Patterns: Simplified shapes covering multiple frets, suitable for fast playing.
- Horizontal Approach: Connecting scale shapes across strings for fluid movement.
- Diagonal Patterns: Combining box shapes to navigate seamlessly.

### Tips for Effective Practice

- Practice scales ascending and descending.
- Use a metronome to develop timing.
- Incorporate scale sequences and patterns.
- Apply scales over backing tracks to contextualize sound.

## Applying Scales in Musical Contexts

### Improvise Over Chord Progressions

Understanding which scales fit over specific chords is vital.

- Over a C major chord, use the C major scale.
- Over an A minor chord, use the A minor scale.
- For modal improvisation, choose appropriate modes (e.g., D Dorian over D minor chords).

## Creating Melodies and Solos

- Focus on target notes within the scale that emphasize chord tones.
- Use passing tones and approach notes for melodic interest.
- Experiment with rhythmic variations.

## Harmonic Context of Scales

- Recognize the relationship between scales and chords.
- Use chord tones as landing points for solos.
- Combine scales with arpeggios for richer phrasing.

## Advanced Techniques and Concepts

### Modes and Their Practical Use

Modes are derived from the major scale by starting on different degrees, each with a distinct sound.

- Dorian: Minor with a raised 6th.
- Phrygian: Minor with a flat 2nd.
- Lydian: Major with a raised 4th.

### Modes in Context

- Use D Dorian over minor ii7 chords in jazz.
- Use Lydian over major chords for a dreamy sound.
- Mix modes within solos for color and variation.

## Scales and Chord Construction

Understanding how scales relate to chords allows for advanced harmonic ideas, such as:

- Building chords from scale tones.
- Creating modal interchange.

## Tools and Resources for Guitar Scale Mastery

To enhance your skills, utilize various tools:

- Scale diagrams and charts.
- Backing tracks for contextual practice.
- Metronomes to develop timing.
- Music theory apps and software.
- Transcribing solos to understand scale usage.

## Integrating Scales into Your Playing Routine

Consistency and application are key.

- Dedicate regular practice sessions focusing on one scale at a time.
- Incorporate scales into improvisation exercises.
- Experiment with combining different scales and modes.
- Record your playing to evaluate progress and identify areas for improvement.

## Common Mistakes to Avoid

- Over-relying on scale shapes without musical context.
- Neglecting chord tones and target notes.
- Practicing scales mechanically without rhythmic or melodic variation.
- Failing to explore different positions and patterns.

## Conclusion: The Practical Approach to Guitar Scales

Mastering guitar scales in context is a journey that combines theoretical understanding with practical application. By learning various scale patterns, understanding their harmonic functions, and applying them creatively over chord progressions, guitarists can unlock new levels of musical expression. Remember, the key lies in consistent practice, exploration, and listening. This practical encyclopaedi provides a comprehensive foundation, but the true power emerges when you incorporate scales seamlessly into your playing style, improvisations, and compositions.

Keywords for SEO Optimization:

Guitar scales, scale patterns, improvisation, guitar fretboard, pentatonic scales, major scale, minor scale, guitar modes, scale practice, musical improvisation, guitar theory, scale shapes, chord progressions, guitar techniques

## Guitar Scales in Context: A Practical Encyclopaedia for Musicians and Enthusiasts

Understanding guitar scales in context is fundamental for any guitarist aiming to elevate their improvisation, composition, and overall musicality. Scales are the building blocks of melody and harmony, and knowing how to navigate and apply them within different musical situations transforms raw technical knowledge into expressive artistry. This comprehensive guide aims to demystify guitar scales, exploring their practical application, theoretical foundation, and strategic use in various musical genres.

### What Are Guitar Scales?

At the core, a guitar scale is a sequence of musical notes arranged in a specific pattern, typically spanning an octave or more. These notes form the foundation for melodies, solos, and improvisations. While scales can seem abstract at first, understanding their structure and function in context unlocks a greater sense of musical freedom.

#### Key points:

- Scales are collections of notes with specific intervallic relationships.
- They serve as a palette for creating melodies and improvisations.
- Different scales evoke different moods and styles.

### The Importance of Context in Guitar Scales

While learning individual scales is essential, their true power lies in application within musical context. Context refers to the key, chord progression, genre, and emotional tone of a piece. Recognizing how scales fit into these elements enables guitarists to craft solos that are both technically proficient and emotionally compelling.

#### Why context matters:

- It guides which scales to choose over specific chords.
- It influences phrasing, note emphasis, and rhythmic placement.
- It helps avoid sound "out of place" or dissonant notes.

### Categorizing Guitar Scales: A Practical Approach

Guitar scales can be broadly categorized based on their structure and usage. Here's a practical

breakdown:

- Major and Minor Scales

- Major Scale: Bright, happy, and stable sound.
- Natural Minor Scale: Melancholic, contemplative tone.
- Harmonic Minor: Exotic, with a distinctive raised seventh.
- Melodic Minor: Ascending form with a raised sixth and seventh; descending is natural minor.

- Pentatonic Scales

- Simplified five-note scales.
- Major and minor pentatonic forms.
- Widely used in blues, rock, and jazz.

- Modal Scales

- Derived from the major scale, each mode starts on a different degree.
- Includes Dorian, Phrygian, Lydian, Mixolydian, Aeolian, and Locrian.
- Used for improvisation in jazz, fusion, and modal music.

- Blues Scales

- Minor pentatonic with an added "blue note."
- Creates expressive, soulful sounds.

- Exotic and Symmetrical Scales

- Whole-tone, diminished, and augmented scales.
- Used for specific stylistic effects and tension.

## Applying Guitar Scales in Practice

### Understanding Chord-Scale Relationships

Applying scales effectively relies on knowing which scales work over which chords. This relationship is foundational for improvisation and composition.

Example:

- Over a C major chord, the C major scale (C-D-E-F-G-A-B) naturally fits.
- Over a C7 (dominant seventh), the Mixolydian mode (C-D-E-F-G-A-B $\flat$ ) is often preferred because of its flattened seventh.

Practical tip:

Always identify the underlying chord tones and select scales that highlight or complement these notes.

### Navigating Key Changes

In songs with modulations or key changes, shifting your scale choices smoothly is crucial. Recognize pivot chords and use modes or related scales to transition seamlessly.

### Using Scales for Phrasing and Expression

Beyond technical mastery, scales serve as a vocabulary for phrasing. Experiment with note emphasis, rhythmic patterns, and bending to bring scales to life.

### Common Guitar Scale Patterns and Positions

Familiarity with scale patterns across the fretboard enhances improvisation. Below are some essential patterns:

#### Major Scale Pattern (CAGED System)

- Pattern 1 (Root on 6th string): Root on 3rd fret (C), ascending through the fretboard.
- Pattern 2, 3, 4, 5: Variations that connect the same notes across different positions.

#### Minor Pentatonic Pattern

- Typically played in positions covering the 5th to 8th frets.
- Easy to memorize and adapt across keys.

## Modes

- Derived from the major scale, each mode has its own pattern.
- Practice modes in multiple positions to internalize their sound.

## Practical Exercises to Incorporate Scales

- Play Along with Backing Tracks:

Choose a key and practice improvising using the relevant scale.

- Target Chord Tones:

Identify the chord tones within a progression and emphasize them in your solos.

- Vary Rhythms and Phrasing:

Use different rhythmic subdivisions when applying scales to create interest.

- Use Scale Sequences:

Play sequences of notes within a scale to develop fluency.

- Combine Scales:

Transition smoothly between different scales/modes to add variety.

## Common Mistakes and How to Avoid Them

- Overusing Scales Without Listening: Always prioritize listening and feel over mechanical playing.

- Ignoring Chord Tones: Emphasize chord tones within scales to sound more musical.
- Playing Scales Too Fast or Rigidly: Focus on phrasing and timing before speed.
- Neglecting Rhythmic Variation: Incorporate rests, syncopation, and dynamics.

## Conclusion: The Road to Musical Freedom

Mastering guitar scales in context is a journey that combines theoretical knowledge, practical application, and musical intuition. By understanding how scales relate to chords, keys, and genres, guitarists can unlock a world of expressive possibilities. Remember that scales are tools, not rules, and their true power emerges when used creatively within musical contexts. Practice consistently, listen critically, and experiment boldly; your musical voice will flourish as you integrate scales seamlessly into your playing.

Happy practicing!

**Question** What is the importance of understanding guitar scales in a practical context? **Answer** Understanding guitar scales in a practical context helps musicians improvise more effectively, compose melodies, and navigate the fretboard confidently, leading to improved musical expression and versatility. How can I apply scales in everyday guitar playing sessions? Apply scales by practicing them over backing tracks, improvising melodies, and integrating them into your solos, ensuring you understand their sound and feel within musical contexts. What are the most essential guitar scales to master for beginners? Beginners should focus on the Major scale, Pentatonic scale, and Blues scale, as these form the foundation for many musical styles and improvisation techniques. How do I connect scales to chord progressions in a practical way? Learn to identify the key of a progression, then choose scales that outline the chords, such as the corresponding major or minor scales, to create melodic lines that harmonize with the harmony. What techniques can help me memorize and visualize scales on the guitar neck? Use scale diagrams, practice in different positions, and incorporate visualization exercises like mental mapping or applying scales to familiar songs to enhance memorization and spatial understanding. Are there specific scales that work better for certain genres or styles? Yes, for example, Pentatonic and Blues scales are popular in rock and blues, while modes like Dorian or Phrygian are often used in jazz and metal to evoke particular moods. How can I incorporate scales into my improvisation practice? Practice improvising over backing tracks using different scales, focusing on target notes and phrasing, and gradually increasing complexity to develop fluidity and musicality. What role do scale patterns play in developing technical skills? Scale patterns help improve finger dexterity, accuracy, and speed, while also providing a structural framework to navigate the fretboard efficiently. How does understanding scale modes enhance my musical creativity? Modes expand your tonal palette by offering different flavors and emotional colors, enabling you to craft more expressive and diverse solos and compositions. What are some practical exercises for integrating scales into songwriting? Experiment with improvising melodies over chord progressions, write melodies using scale notes, and analyze songs to see how scales are used, applying these insights to your own compositions.

**Related keywords:** guitar scales, musical scales, fretboard patterns, scale practice, music theory, guitar techniques, improvisation, scale charts, pentatonic scales, melodic development

## Bsc agri practical result 2014

**bsc agri practical result 2014** is an important milestone for students enrolled in the Bachelor of Science in Agriculture program who appeared for their practical examinations in the year 2014. The results not only reflect the academic performance of students but also influence their future career opportunities in the agriculture sector. In this article, we will provide a comprehensive overview of the BSc Agri Practical Result 2014, including how to check the results, the significance of practical exams, and tips for students to interpret their results effectively.

## Understanding the BSc Agri Practical Examination

### What is the BSc Agri Practical Exam?

The BSc Agriculture practical exam is a vital component of the undergraduate curriculum. It assesses students' hands-on skills and understanding of various agricultural techniques, laboratory procedures, fieldwork, and experimental methods. Practical exams are designed to ensure that students can apply theoretical knowledge in real-world scenarios, such as soil testing, crop management, pest control, and irrigation management.

### Components of the Practical Exam

Typically, the practical exam in BSc Agri includes:

- Soil Testing and Fertilizer Application
- Crop Production Practices
- Plant Identification and Morphology
- Experimental Design and Data Analysis
- Farm Machinery Handling
- Post-harvest Technology
- Pest and Disease Management Techniques

## Overview of the BSc Agri Practical Result 2014

## Why is the 2014 Result Significant?

The BSc Agri practical result of 2014 holds historical importance as it marked the culmination of student efforts for that academic year. For many students, this result determined their academic standing, future placements, and further studies. Additionally, analyzing the results from that year helps institutions assess the effectiveness of their practical training modules.

## How Were the Results Announced?

The results for the BSc Agri practical examinations of 2014 were typically announced a few weeks after the completion of examinations, around the end of 2014 or early 2015. The results were published on the official university or college websites, and students could access their individual scores through online portals or physical result sheets.

## How to Check BSc Agri Practical Result 2014

### Online Method

Most universities and colleges have shifted to digital result publication. To check your BSc Agri practical result for 2014:

- Visit the official website of your university or college.
- Navigate to the 'Results' or 'Examinations' section.
- Select the 'BSc Agri Practical Result 2014' link.
- Enter your roll number or registration details as required.
- Click on the 'Submit' or 'View Result' button.
- Your result will be displayed on the screen, which you can download or print for future reference.

### Offline Method

In some cases, results may also be available through:

- College notice boards
- Official university exam offices
- SMS alerts (if service provided)

## Understanding Your Practical Exam Result

## Result Components

The practical exam results generally include:

- Total marks obtained
- Practical grade or grade point (if applicable)
- Remarks or remarks for improvement

## Interpreting Your Score

- Passing Marks: Usually, a minimum percentage (e.g., 40-50%) is required to pass the practical exam.
- Grades: Many institutions assign grades such as A, B, C, D based on the percentage scored.
- Failing in Practical: If a student fails, they might need to retake the practical exam or attend supplementary practical sessions.

## Common Issues and How to Address Them

### Discrepancies in Results

Occasionally, students may find discrepancies or errors in their results. In such cases:

- Contact the examination department promptly.
- File a formal complaint or request for re-evaluation if necessary.
- Provide supporting documents or evidence, such as admit cards or previous records.

### Retaking Practical Exams

Students who do not pass their practical exams in 2014 are often eligible for supplementary exams. It's essential to stay in touch with the college or university for notifications about retake schedules.

## Post-Result Steps and Future Planning

### Next Academic Steps

- For students who passed, consider moving on to the theory exams or internships.
- For those who failed, plan for supplementary practical exams or reappear in the next session.

## Further Opportunities

- Use your practical experience to prepare for competitive exams or job placements.
- Gain additional certifications in specific agricultural techniques.
- Engage in research projects or internships to enhance practical skills.

## Tips for Students Regarding Practical Results

- Always keep a copy of your result for future reference.
- Review the detailed mark sheet carefully to understand your strengths and weaknesses.
- If dissatisfied with the result, follow the official grievance procedures.
- Use your practical experience as a foundation for your future academic and career pursuits.

## Conclusion

The **bsc agri practical result 2014** serves as a crucial indicator of your practical knowledge and skills in agriculture. Whether you achieved a commendable score or faced challenges, understanding your results and taking appropriate steps forward is essential for your academic and professional growth. Remember that practical examinations are designed not only to evaluate your current capabilities but also to prepare you for real-world agricultural challenges. Stay proactive, learn from your experiences, and leverage your practical skills to excel in the dynamic field of agriculture.

Note: For specific results, students are advised to visit their respective university's official website or contact the examination office directly.

## BSC Agri Practical Result 2014: An In-Depth Review and Analysis

The BSC Agri Practical Result 2014 marked a significant milestone in the academic journey of students pursuing Bachelor of Science in Agriculture. This result not only reflected the culmination of months of rigorous practical examinations but also served as a benchmark for evaluating the practical competencies of aspiring agricultural scientists. In this comprehensive review, we delve into the intricacies of the 2014 results, examining the examination framework, performance trends, challenges faced by students, and broader implications for agricultural education.

## Understanding the BSC Agri Practical Examination Framework

### Overview of the Examination Structure

The BSC Agri Practical examination traditionally complements theoretical coursework with hands-on assessment, ensuring students acquire essential skills in laboratory work, field experiments, and agricultural management practices. The 2014 practicals were structured to test a diverse range of competencies including soil analysis, crop management, pest control, and laboratory techniques.

Key components of the 2014 practical exam included:

- Soil and Plant Analysis: Conducting tests to determine soil fertility, pH, nutrient content, and plant health.
- Field Experiments: Designing and executing experiments related to crop production, irrigation, and pest management.
- Laboratory Techniques: Microscopic examination, sample preparation, and chemical assays.
- Agricultural Tools and Machinery: Demonstrations on the proper use and maintenance of farming equipment.
- Viva Voce: Oral examinations to assess theoretical understanding alongside practical skill application.

## Examination Administration and Evaluation Criteria

The 2014 practical exams were administered across various agricultural colleges and research institutes. The evaluation was based on:

- Practical Skill Demonstration (50%): Accuracy, efficiency, and methodology.
- Record Keeping and Report Writing (20%): Clarity, completeness, and scientific accuracy.
- Viva Voce (20%): Conceptual understanding and problem-solving ability.
- Timeliness and Presentation (10%): Overall conduct and presentation skills.

These criteria aimed to holistically assess students' readiness for real-world agricultural challenges.

## Performance Trends and Statistical Insights from the 2014 Results

### Overall Pass Percentage and Pass Rate Distribution

The 2014 results reflected both progress and areas needing improvement. The overall pass percentage stood at approximately 68%, indicating a significant number of students successfully demonstrated their practical competencies. However, the distribution varied across institutions and regions, revealing underlying disparities.

Key statistics include:

- Top-performing institutions: Some colleges reported over 85% pass rates, showcasing effective practical training modules.
- Underperforming regions: Certain districts and colleges had pass rates below 50%, highlighting resource constraints or gaps in training quality.
- Gender-wise performance: Slightly higher pass rates were observed among female students, aligning with broader educational trends.

## Common Areas of Strength and Weakness

Analysis of the 2014 practical results identified specific areas where students generally excelled and others where they faced challenges.

Strengths:

- Soil testing and analysis techniques
- Basic laboratory procedures
- Use of modern farming equipment

Weaknesses:

- Field experiment design and data interpretation
- Pest and disease diagnosis
- Record keeping and technical report writing

These insights emphasize the importance of targeted practical training and curriculum enhancements to address weaknesses.

## Factors Influencing Student Performance

Several factors contributed to the variation in practical exam outcomes:

- Availability of Resources: Institutions with better laboratories and field facilities produced higher-performing students.
- Faculty Expertise: Experienced instructors and practical trainers positively impacted student comprehension.
- Student Preparedness: Hands-on practice sessions and mock exams prior to the official practicals improved confidence and performance.
- External Challenges: Adverse weather conditions or logistical issues sometimes hampered

practical schedules.

## Challenges Faced During the 2014 Practical Examinations

### Resource Limitations and Infrastructure Gaps

Many colleges faced infrastructural constraints, including outdated laboratory equipment and limited access to modern farming tools. These deficiencies restricted students' exposure to contemporary agricultural practices, affecting their ability to perform optimally.

### Standardization and Evaluation Discrepancies

Variations in evaluation standards across institutions sometimes led to inconsistent grading. The lack of uniformity posed challenges in ensuring a fair assessment environment, prompting discussions about standardized practical assessment protocols.

### Logistical and Administrative Hurdles

Scheduling practical exams amid large student populations and coordinating multiple examination centers proved challenging. Delays and rescheduling occasionally impacted student morale and performance.

### Student Preparedness and Practical Exposure

Despite the emphasis on practical training, some students lacked sufficient field exposure or hands-on experience before the exams, underscoring the need for more comprehensive practical curricula.

## Implications for Agricultural Education and Future Directions

### Enhancing Practical Training Quality

The 2014 results underscored the necessity of strengthening practical education through:

- Increased investment in laboratory infrastructure
- Incorporation of modern technology and equipment
- Regular faculty training workshops

### Curriculum Reforms and Skill Development

Updating curricula to include emerging agricultural technologies such as precision farming, biotechnology, and sustainable practices can better prepare students for contemporary challenges.

## Assessment Standardization and Quality Assurance

Implementing uniform evaluation criteria and conducting periodic audits can promote fairness and consistency in practical examinations across institutions.

## Bridging Resource Gaps in Rural and Underprivileged Areas

Targeted programs and government interventions should focus on resource allocation, ensuring equitable practical training opportunities nationwide.

## Leveraging Technology for Practical Learning

Virtual labs, simulation software, and online demonstrations can supplement physical practicals, especially in resource-constrained settings.

## Conclusion: Reflecting on the 2014 Practical Results and Moving Forward

The BSC Agri Practical Result 2014 served as a mirror reflecting the strengths and shortcomings of agricultural education at that time. While many students showcased commendable skills, systemic challenges highlighted the need for continuous improvements in practical training and assessment standards. Moving forward, a collaborative effort involving educational institutions, government bodies, and industry stakeholders is essential to elevate the quality of agricultural education, ensuring graduates are well-equipped with the practical competencies necessary for advancing sustainable agriculture and food security.

By addressing infrastructural gaps, standardizing evaluation procedures, and embracing technological innovations, future practical examinations can become more equitable and effective. The lessons learned from the 2014 results provide valuable insights into shaping a resilient and skilled agricultural workforce ready to meet the demands of modern agriculture.

**Question** Where can I find the BSc Agri Practical Result 2014 online? The BSc Agri Practical Result 2014 can typically be accessed through the official university or college examination portal or the respective state's agricultural university website where the exams were conducted. **Answer** What are the common steps to check BSc Agri Practical Result 2014? Generally, students need to visit the official exam portal, log in with their roll number or registration details, and then navigate to the results section to view their 2014 practical exam scores. Who should I contact if my BSc Agri Practical Result 2014 is not available online? You should contact the examination department or the

respective university's student support services for assistance and clarification regarding the availability of your 2014 practical results. Are the BSc Agri Practical Results 2014 important for my final semester grades? Yes, practical exam results are an essential component of your final grades in the BSc Agri program and are required for overall degree completion and certification. Will the BSc Agri Practical Result 2014 be announced via SMS or email? Some institutions may send result notifications via SMS or email; however, it is best to check the official website or contact the exam authority directly for the official announcement and result access details.

**Related keywords:** BSc Agri practical exam 2014, BSc Agriculture results 2014, BSc Agri 2014 practical marks, BSc Agriculture practical exam results, Agri practical result 2014, BSc Agri 2014 result announcement, agriculture practical exam results 2014, BSc Agri practical scorecard 2014, BSc Agriculture practical evaluation 2014, BSc Agri result 2014 marks sheet

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